

# Particle Physics

## Relativistic Kinematics

### Exercises

1. Prove that the squares of four-vectors are relativistically invariant! **[2]**
2. Prove that the products of four-vectors are relativistically invariant! **[2]**
3. Show that the square of the four-velocity is equal 1! **[2]**
4. An electron and a proton have the same curvature in a magnetic field. The electron moves twice as fast as the proton. What is the momentum of both particles? **[2]**
5. The IceCube experiment measures interactions of high energetic cosmic neutrinos in  $1 \text{ km}^3$  of Antarctic ice. Cosmic  $\tau$  neutrinos produce  $\tau$  leptons with a mass of  $1.78 \text{ GeV}$  and a proper lifetime of  $0.3 \text{ ps}$ . What is the decay length of a  $\tau$  lepton with an energy of  $356 \text{ TeV}$ ? **[2]**
6. In 1987 the supernova SN1987A exploded at a distance of  $168.000$  light years. Assume it simultaneously emitted photons and neutrinos with a momentum of  $9 \text{ MeV}$ .  
- Calculate the relation between the neutrino mass and the time difference of the arrival of the photons and neutrinos on Earth! **(3)**
7. In the Large Hadron Collider LHC at CERN in Geneva protons are accelerated to  $7 \text{ TeV}$  and brought to collision. To which energy should one accelerate a proton beam in order to reach the same reaction energy on a proton at rest? **[3]**